Appl. No. 10/595,344 Amdt. Dated June 20, 2007 Reply to Office action of February 23, 2007 Attorney Docket No. P18019-US2 EUSJ/IP/07-1151

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Currently Amended) A transceiver for dual-mode radio communications, comprising:

means for establishing a bi-directional link for exchanging control information; and.

a high data rate (high-rate) transmitter coupled with a uni-directional link for transmitting user information if the transceiver is primarily a transmitter of user information; or

a high data rate receiver coupled with the uni-directional link for receiving user information if the transceiver is primarily a receiver of user information;

a return channel utilizing a low-data rate (low-rate) interface for supporting the user information transmissions over the high-rate link; and

means for splitting forward and return transmissions at a Data Link Control (DLC) layer wherein a high-rate section of the transceiver is operable on one Media Access Control (MAC) layer and a low-rate section is operable on a second MAC layer.

- (Canceled)
- (Previously Presented) The transceiver of claim 17, further comprising: means for carrying data link control and media access layer on a high-rate physical channel in one direction; and,

means for carrying the data link control and media access layer in the reverse direction on a conventional physical channel.

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- (Previously Presented) The transceiver of claim 17, wherein the dual mode transceiver comprising a high-rate transmitter further comprises:
 - a basic receiver section:
 - a basic transmitter section; and.
 - a high-rate transmitter section.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The transceiver of claim 17, wherein the dual mode transceiver comprising a high-rate receiver further comprises:
 - a basic receiver section;
 - a basic transmitter section; and,
 - a high-rate receiver section.
 - 22. (Canceled)
 - (Canceled)
- 24. (Currently Amended) The transceiver of claim 23, A transceiver for dual-mode radio communications, comprising:

means for establishing a bi-directional link for exchanging control information; a high data rate (high-rate) transmitter coupled with a uni-directional link for transmitting user information if the transceiver is primarily a transmitter of user information; or

a high data rate receiver coupled with the uni-directional link for receiving user information if the transceiver is primarily a receiver of user information;

<u>a return channel utilizing a low-data rate (low-rate) interface for supporting the</u> user information transmissions over the high-rate link; and

means for splitting forward and return transmissions at a Media Access Control (MAC) layer, wherein a high-rate section of the transceiver is operable on one physical layer and a low-rate section is operable on a second physical layer:

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wherein the transceiver informs other user devices on the high-rate channel that the transceiver will respond on the low-rate channel to high-rate transmission.

25. (Currently Amended) A method of asymmetric communications via a transceiver, comprising the steps of:

exchanging control information over a bi-directional link:

transmitting user information utilizing a high-rate transmitter via a uni-directional link if the transceiver is primarily a transmitter of user information: and-

receiving the user information utilizing a high-rate receiver via the uni-directional link if the transceiver is primarily a receiver of the user information;

supporting the user information transmissions over the high-rate link with a return channel utilizing a low-data rate (low-rate) interface; and

splitting forward and return transmissions at a Data Link Control (DLC) layer wherein a high-rate section of the transceiver is operable on one Media Access Control (MAC) layer and a low-rate section is operable on a second MAC layer.

- 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, further comprising the step of carrying data link control and media access layer on the high-rate physical channel in one direction, wherein the conventional physical channel carries the data link control and media access layer in the reverse direction.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein, for a dual mode transceiver comprising a high-rate transmitter, further comprises the steps of:

receiving narrowband transmissions in a basic receiver section:

transmitting narrowband transmissions in a basic transmitter section; and, transmitting wideband transmissions in a high-rate transmitter section.

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29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein, for a dual mode transceiver comprising a high-rate receiver, further comprises the steps of:

receiving narrowband transmissions in a basic receiver section:

transmitting narrowband transmissions in a basic transmitter section; and, receiving wideband transmissions in a high-rate receiver section.

- (Canceled)
- (Canceled)
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim-31, further comprising the step of A method of asymmetric communications via a transceiver, comprising the steps of:

exchanging control information over a bi-directional link;

transmitting user information utilizing a high-rate transmitter via a uni-directional link if the transceiver is primarily a transmitter of user information;

receiving the user information utilizing a high-rate receiver via the uni-directional link if the transceiver is primarily a receiver of the user information:

supporting the user information transmissions over the high-rate link with a return channel utilizing a low-data rate (low-rate) interface;

splitting forward and return transmissions at a Media Access Control (MAC) layer wherein a high-rate section of the transceiver is operable on one physical layer and a low-rate section is operable on a second physical layer; and

informing other users on the high-rate channel that the transceiver will respond on the low-rate channel to high-rate transmission.

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